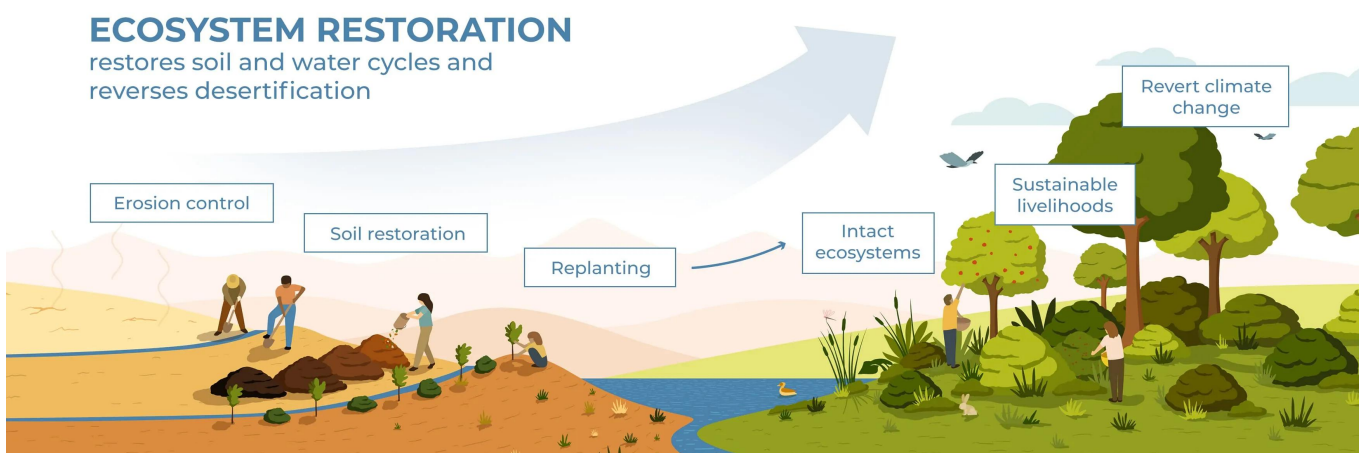
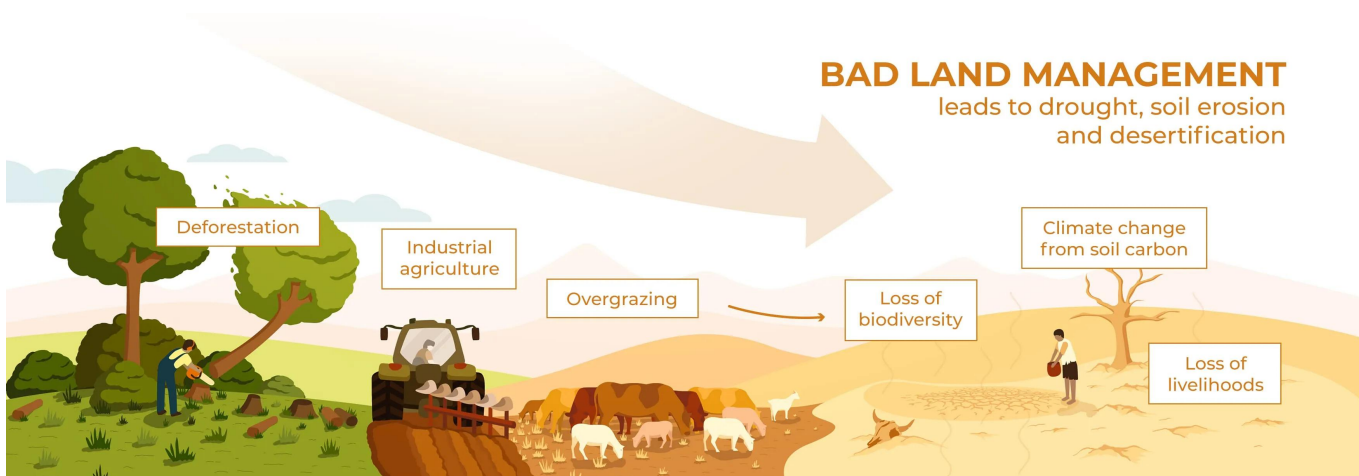


Ecological Restoration



“Ecological restoration is the process of assisting the recovery of an ecosystem that has been degraded, damaged, or destroyed.”



Damages can be caused for example by overgrazing, agriculture, urbanization, road construction or natural catastrophes and lead to soil degradation, desertification, extinction of species and poverty. Ecological restoration draws on a wide range of ecological concepts.

The UN has declared 2021 - 2030 as the decade of Ecosystem Restoration. Restoration goals reflect political choices and differ by place and culture. Ecological restoration draws on a wide range of ecological concepts.

Examples

[Paani Foundations Water Cup Challenge](#)

Satyamev Jayate Water Cup, billed as a “people’s movement against drought”, is the primary event organized by Paani Foundation every year starting late March-early April up to late May-early June. The Indian state of Maharashtra has a history of recurring droughts and acute water shortage throughout the last several decades. The reasons for this are both man made and natural. Famous Bollywood Star Aamir Khan hosted a talk show about this issue and went on to found the Paani Foundations Water Cup, a competition between villages of the area to see which one could build the best water saving structure. The Foundation provides training on technical aspects and social leadership to a small number of representatives from each village before the competition

[Regreening the desert with John D. Liu | VPRO Documentary | 2012](#)

Loess Plateau - China

Used to be fertile but agricultural pressure and overgrazing eroded the land. Farmers where living in poverty under the threat of floods, mudslides and famine. In 1994 a project was started to transform the plateau to restore its fertility.



Royal Botanic Garden in Tal Al-Rumman - Jordan

Farmers where banned from letting their animals graze in this area for 3 years. Plants that where thought to be extinct reemerged.



Ethiopia

Ground could not store water during the rainy season. Local People and Prof Legesse Negash got together to solve the problem. Indigenous trees and plants where planted which allowed rain to enter the ground gradually and streams reappeared. Villages in the area had ground water again. They no longer have to ask the government for support, there is food security. Wildlife reapperad.

Rugezi Wetland - Rwanda

Not enough farmland for the growing population put strain on the available soil and degraded it. People where forced to

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<https://ser-rrc.org/what-is-ecological-restoration/>

<https://medium.com/age-of-awareness/making-the-most-of-the-un-decade-on-ecosystems-restoration-bioregional-regenerative-development-484119e763ee>

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<https://www.harrisbugg.com/portfolio/royal-botanic-garden/>

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